2-D Shapes: A3 Geometry 3-D Shapes: A3 Recognise and name 2-D Shapes: Sp3 Recognise & name common 2-D shapes (e.g. curriculum road map Identify & describe the properties of 2-D shapes, common 3-D shapes rectangles (including Position & Direction: Sp3, Su1 including the number of sides and line symmetry in a (e.g. cuboids squares), circles & triangles) Order & arrange combinations of mathematical (including cubes), vertical line 3-D Shapes: Sp3 objects in patterns and sequences pyramids & spheres) Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-d shapes (e.g. a Recognise & name common 3-D shapes Use mathematical vocabulary to describe circle on a cylinder & a triangle on a pyramid) (e.g. cubes, pyramids & spheres) position, direction and movement, including Compare & sort common 2-D shapes and everyday Compare & sort common 3-D shapes and objects movement in a straight line & distinguishing everyday objects between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half & three-quarter turns (clockwise & anti-clockwise) **Y1 Y2** 2-D shapes: Su3 Angles & Lines: Su5 Draw 2-D shapes Identify acute & obtuse angles and compare and 3-D shapes: Su3 **Position &** order angles up to 2 right angles by size Make 3-D shapes using modelling **Direction: Su3** Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented Angles & Lines: Su3 materials; recognise 3-D shapes in in different orientations Recognise angles as a property of shape or a Describe position, different orientations & describe Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to direction & movement description of a turn them a specific line of symmetry including whole, half, Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a quarter and three-**Y3** turn and four a complete turn; identify whether quarter turns angles are greater than or less than a right angle **Y4** Identify horizontal & vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines **Position & Direction: Su6** 2-D Shapes: Su1 Describe positions on a 2-D grid as Draw 2-D shapes using given **Angles & Lines: Su2** coordinates in the first quadrant dimensions & angles Know angles are measured in degrees; estimate & Describe movement between Compare & classify geometric shapes compare acute, obtuse & reflex angles positions as translations of a given 3-D Shapes: Su1 Draw given angles and measure them in degrees based on their properties & sizes unit to the left/right & up/down Recognise, describe & build Illustrate & name parts of circles Identify: Plot specified points and draw sides - Angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn simple 3-D shapes, including including radius, diameter & to complete a given polygon making nets circumference and know that the (total 180°) 2-D Shapes: Su5 diameter is twice the radius - Other multiples of 90° Compare & classify geometric shapes, including **Y6** quadrilaterals & **Y5** triangles, based on their properties & sizes 3-D Shapes: Su2 **Position & Direction:** Identify lines of Identify 3-D shapes, including symmetry in 2-D Su₃ cubes and other cuboids, from shapes presented in Identify, describe & 2-D representations different **Position & Direction: A4** represent the position of a Angles & Lines: Su1 orientations Describe positions on the full shape following the Find unknown angles in any triangles, 2-D Shapes: Su2 coordinate grid (all four quadrants) reflection of translation. quadrilaterals and regular polygons Distinguish between regular & irregular polygons Draw and translate simple shapes using the appropriate Recognise angles where they meet at a point, based on reasoning about equal sides and angles on the coordinate plane, and language, and know that are on a straight line, or are vertically Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related reflect them in the axes the shape has not changed opposite, and find missing angles facts and find missing lengths and angles